

## Minimizing Disclosure Risks when Using the NHATS-CMS Standard Linked Files in the NIA Data LINKAGE Program (LINKAGE) Enclave

### OVERVIEW

Access to NHATS-CMS Standard Linked files (hereafter Standard files) is limited to users that meet requirements of NHATS and the National Institute on Aging (NIA). The linked data are accessed through the NIA Data LINKAGE Program (LINKAGE) Enclave. Details are available on the [NHATS website](#). Questions about the process should be directed to NHATS Staff at Johns Hopkins University: [nhats-cms-data@jh.edu](mailto:nhats-cms-data@jh.edu).

This document reviews steps that NHATS takes to minimize the risks of identification (or “disclosure”) of respondents or the areas in which they live for researchers using Standard files.

- The Standard files have all geographic, provider and plan information masked.
- NHATS limits use of Standard files with geographic data in the LINKAGE enclave
- NHATS places limits on the files that are allowed in and out of the enclave.
- We also have a series of requirements to review materials that researchers want to take out of the enclave. We refer to this review process as “vetting.” Vetting rules for the Standard Files are also provided in the appendix table.

Because there may be additional risks of disclosure on the NHATS-CMS Provider Files, a separate document provides vetting rules for Provider files. Projects that have access to both Provider and Standard files are subject to the Profile file rules.

### RESTRICTIONS

- A. Limits on using Standard files with geographic data.** Hospital Referral Region (HRR), Census division, and metro/non-metro area are available in the LINKAGE enclave for use with Standard files.<sup>1</sup> Note that variables describing HRRs (that is, HRR-level\_contextual files) are allowed into the LINKAGE enclave, but must be listed on the External File Request Form, contain only non-identifiable variables, and be described in the research plan.
- B. Limits on Files Allowed Into the Enclave.** All materials that are requested for import into the enclave will be reviewed for disclosure risks by NHATS. We currently allow:
- a. Non-identifiable data sets listed on your NHATS restricted data application External File Request Form and described in your research plan.
  - b. Statistical code (e.g. .do or .sas files) and other supporting documents. You must include a description of the file and justification of need.

### Procedure:

Requests to bring files in or out of the LINKAGE enclave should go to the NHATS Compliance Officer (CO) at JHU using the LINKAGE enclave communications portal.

- Log in to Platforms Main.

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<sup>1</sup> At this time, NHATS does not allow additional geographic information (e.g. state, county, etc.) or contextual geographic information (i.e., information about a geographic area) to be used with Standard Linked files. We expect to allow limited use of additional geographic-based contextual information with Standard Linked files in the future. This document will be updated with guidance when this option is available.

- In the left navigation, click Communications.
- Locate the "To Project Desktop" topic for your project.
- In the Files column, click Library.
- Below the Keywords search, click the Upload Files button.
- Click the Choose File button.
- Navigate to and select files for upload (if all files are in the same folder, you can select all using CTRL + A [Windows] or CMD + A [Mac]).
- At the base of the Open modal, click the Open button.
- In the Description field, enter a brief summary of your file transfer request, including what the file or files contain and why they are needed.
- At the base of the page, click the Upload button.

The NHATS Compliance Officer will review your list of approved files to make sure the file is listed\* and then vet the import file(s) for content. Once approved, the requested file(s) will be moved to the requester's folder. Once the process is complete, the researcher will receive notification via email.

\*If the file is not listed, you will be asked to update your list of approved files and research plan.

**C. Limits on Files Allowed Out of the Enclave.** Prior to removal, all files will be reviewed for disclosure risk by NHATS (see appendix for specific rules).

Files ALLOWED out of the enclave, pending review:

- a. Well-labelled tables and graphs that meet vetting requirements described below. Files will be prioritized and typically reviewed within 5 business days, if possible.
- b. Statistical code (e.g. .do or .sas files) without notes about sample sizes.
- c. Only in exceptional circumstances will log/output files be reviewed or allowed to be removed from the enclave. Such files will take lower priority and may take longer than average to review. Strong justification is needed for such requests.

Files NOT allowed out of the enclave:

- a. Microdata files
- b. Geographic visualizations (maps)
- c. Visualizations that show individual observations (sequence analysis, scatter plots)

### **Procedure:**

- Create a well-labelled table or graph from your output. Include a description of the sample and the sample size for the table (unweighted).
  - For descriptive tables, provide the unweighted sample size for each cell.
  - For models, provide the frequency of the underlying variables in the models.
  - For statistical code (.do or .sas files), review to make sure none of the notes in the file refer to sample size or include any restricted output.
- Before requesting review by NHATS Repository staff, researchers should self-vet their own output according to guidelines in the appendix.
- Once self-vetting is complete:
  - In your project's Desktop Session, open the "Office Applications" directory.
  - Open the "File Auditing and Security Tool" and click the "Project Desktop to CP" link.
  - Click "New Transfer."
  - Enter the reason for the transfer.
  - Drag and drop files from the project folder.
  - Check attestation.
  - Submit.

- A reviewer will vet the files to be exported and may also review your research plan to ensure the exported file(s) is in compliance.
- Once approved, the requested file(s) can be downloaded from the Communications Portal.

NHATS Staff, in consultation with the NHATS PIs, have the final decision over whether a given set of results may be exported. More details on Rules that NHATS uses for vetting is found in the appendix tables.

#### **D. Vetting Requirements**

NHATS takes steps to protect the identity of respondents (NHATS and NSOC participants), the areas in which they live, and their providers. Users may not remove any tables that could potentially identify either directly or indirectly an NHATS/NSOC respondent, NHATS sampling information, NHATS/NSOC geographic areas below the level of Census Division, or NHATS providers.

We therefore have adopted the following rules:

- Tabulations with cells/strata < 11, including minimum and maximum values (ranges) for variables may not be removed.
- Additional cells must be suppressed if they may lead to uncovering cells/strata size <11 through subtraction.
- Tabulations and/or visual representations or coefficients based on geographic areas below the Census Division not be removed from the enclave.
- Tabulations and/or visual representations or coefficients based on provider or plan may not be removed from the enclave.
- Categorical geographic contextual variables (e.g. HRR characteristics in categories) have additional limitations. Researchers must make sure there are at least 11 places in each category. This rule may require additional tabulations of approved contextual data.
- Files with hidden information (Excel files with hidden rows and columns; SPSS “spv” files) may not be removed
- As a general rule, researchers should not be reporting in publications or presentations or otherwise sharing that a cell size for a particular group is <11. Researchers will be asked to collapse cells if a cell size is <11.

**Users should self-vet their own output before requesting review by NHATS Repository staff.**

NHATS Repository staff, in consultation with the NHATS PIs, have the final decision over whether a given set of results may be exported. More details on Rules that NHATS uses for vetting is found in the appendix tables.

**APPENDIX: NHATS VETTING RULES FOR NHATS-CMS STANDARD LINKED FILES**

<b>General Rules</b>		
<b>Rule</b>	<b>if this...</b>	<b>then...</b>
G1. Only analyses at the individual level are allowed	The unit of analysis must be individuals. Other samples, such geographic units (e.g. tracts, counties, states, HRRs), facilities (hospitals, nursing homes, assisted living), providers or plans are not allowed to be the unit of analysis.	Inform researcher that an analysis will not be released
G2. Researcher must provide understandable output in tabular or graphic form	Output is not clear (you cannot tell what researcher has done) or is a log file	Return to researcher for clarification
G3. Program files must not contain notes about sample sizes	Program files include a note about number of cases (e.g. dropped n=8 cases; kept n=99 cases)	Return to research for editing
G4. No hidden information allowed in files	Excel files with hidden rows or columns; SPSS "spv" files	Return and request PDF of file be vetted instead
<b>Descriptive Tables (Frequencies)</b>		
<b>Rule</b>	<b>if this...</b>	<b>then...</b>
T1. Table title must make clear the sample and type of results presented	Sample / type of results unclear	Return to researcher to make title clearer
T2. All table rows and columns must have understandable labels	Label unclear or uses variable names	Return to researcher to make row/column labels clearer.
T3. Minimums and maximums (e.g. top and bottom of ranges for variables) must have at least 11 cases if shown	Minimums or maximums do not include the number of cases at the value	Return to the researcher to add the number of cases
T3. All table cell counts (unweighted) must be shown	Cell counts not shown	Return to researcher to add cell counts
T4. All categories of a variable must be included (cannot drop a category because it is too small; should be collapsed)	Table does not include all categories	Return to researcher for complete table with collapsed cells
T5. Table cells should sum to total sample	Table cells do not sum to totals	Return to researcher for complete table
T6. All table cell counts must be at least 11	Table cell has less than 11 cases	Return to researcher to combine cells
T7. For means of binary variables, numerators and denominators must be shown	Mean for binary variables shown without numerators and denominators	Ask for table with numerators and denominators
T8. For means of binary variables, numerators must be at least 11 (and sample n minus numerator must be at least 11)	Numerator for binary variable is less than 11 cases (or sample n minus numerator is less than 11 cases)	Return to researcher to combine cells
T9. Redaction of a single cell, column or row is not acceptable; omitted group is known to be small by omission	Single cell, column or row redacted	Return to researcher to combine rows and columns until all cells have at least 11 cases
T10. Empty cells as the result of sampling are not allowed	Cell with zero frequency that is possible	Return to researcher to combine row and columns
T11. Text may not report which specific cells are masked because of small sample size	Text says which specific cells were masked	Inform researcher that text is not allowed. Return to researcher to

		combine rows and columns until all cells have at least 11 cases. Do not name specific cell that is redacted.
T12. Specific geographic areas (e.g. HRR), providers or plans may not be listed in tables	Tables have disallowed variables	Inform researcher that table will not be released
T13. Output may not list or print cases	Output contains list/print cases	Inform researcher that output will not be released
T14. Categorical contextual HRR data must have at least 11 places per category	Categorical contextual data is presented for individual-level sample in a table	Request a tabulation of the contextual data showing at least 11 HRRs per category
<b>Charts and Plots</b>		
<b>Rule</b>	<b>if this...</b>	<b>then...</b>
C1. Scatterplots are not allowed (show individual observations)	Scatterplots	Inform research that scatterplots are not allowed
C2. Histograms must meet frequency requirements.	Histogram does not include the number of cases for each bar or has <11 cases for a bar	Request that researcher provide the frequencies in a table or label the bars. Ask researcher to collapse bars if < 11.
C3. Line charts must meet frequency requirements at each point	Number of cases with minimum and maximum values not shown or < 11	Ask researcher to provide the number of cases at the extremes. If < 11, collapse distribution tail until at least 11 cases in each extreme
C4. Line charts must meet frequency requirements at each point	Number of cases at each point not shown or < 11	Ask researcher to provide the number of cases at each point in a table
C5. Categorical contextual HRR data must have at least 11 places per category	Categorical contextual data is presented for individual-level sample in a chart or plot	Request a tabulation of the contextual data showing at least 11 places per category
<b>Regressions (Linear, Logistic non-Linear, Multi-level)</b>		
<b>Rule</b>	<b>if this...</b>	<b>then...</b>
R1. Table title must make clear the sample and type of results presented	Sample / type of results unclear	Return to researcher to make title clearer
R2. All rows and columns must have understandable labels	Label unclear or variable names used	Return to researcher to make row/column labels clearer
R3. Minimums and maximums (e.g. top and bottom of ranges for variables) must have at least 11 cases if shown	Minimums or maximums do not include the number of cases at the value	Return to the researcher for the number of cases
R4. Counts (unweighted) for all variables in models must be shown	Cell counts not shown	Return to researcher to add cell counts or create separate table with cell counts
R5. Logistic regression: coefficients should not exceed 6 (-6) and OR should not exceed 16 (e^6) (this may indicate a small cell)	Logistic regression coefficient >6 or <-6 or OR>16 or <.06	Request that researcher provide crosstabs of outcome by each predictor
R6. Regression equations must not be able to replicate the data	A linear regression has an R-squared greater than .8 (without lagged variable)	Inform researcher that output will not be released
R7. Predicted values of a variable must have cell sizes of at least 11	Predicated values of variable have less than 11 cases	Return to researcher to collapse predicted categories

R8. Multilevel models with individuals nested in places or providers or plans may not include coefficients of places or providers or plans	Multilevel model with stage 1 of the model has coefficients for places (e.g. HRR), providers or plans	Inform researcher that coefficients for place/provider/plan will not be released
R9. Categorical contextual data for geography (e.g. HRR) must have at least 11 places per category	Categorical contextual data for geography is presented in a regression run on individual-level sample	Request a tabulation of the contextual data showing at least 11 places per category